# Computer can act with language differently 

Prasenjit jana<br>prasenjit jana1@yahoo.co.in


#### Abstract

If we put $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{B}, \ldots, \mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{z}$ along horizontal line in the screen of the computer and also same in the vertical line then we can see each different letters, words, and sentences have a different locus with image by clicking the mouse on that divided screen by different types of dragging . In that we can see by concatenation or joining points. Ex-'about' $=((a, b),(\mathrm{o}, \mathrm{u}),(\mathrm{t})$,$) it will$ always give a distinct image by dragging the mouse differently. Though there may be some wrong in programming but can be made correct. I just give the concepts.


If we take the coordinate axes as in a two dimensional plane, that is taking a horizontal axis and vertical axis then put all English alphabet along the two axes we will get a field of alphabet. Now we will write capital letters and small letters one after another get 52 letters along the horizontal line and 52 letters along the vertical line of our computer screen. I want to divide the horizontal line in 52 points and vertical also the same. Then we will get every word, letter, sentence as a particular image if we click the mouse of the computer on that spatially created screen. A user can drag the mouse and the different image can give him different words. Here taking two letters can represent a point on a plane as a word with two letters. If we say 'put' then we take((p,u),t) here we can use concatenation (that is taking two letters in the plane as two coordinates of that computer screen). So by this we can design the English language which can be useful differently. Now any words, letters, sentences have a particular view in the plane with a distinct directed image. The programmer can design differently. But the logic can be seen in a paper also. I am giving the logic and by this anyone can design in other languages like Bengali, Hindi etc.
This language plane can be linked with another plane designed with 1,2,...,52 along the coordinate axes. Here we can use 0 in the intersection of two lines. In language plane we will use a gap only, though there may be some problem but if we design a software then it can be solved. It is the beginning of a great era of computer. Any blind person can express himself by simply dragging the mouse, it is just by conversation. I hope it may be designed a new type of computer.

